

Market Blog #35 - 07/11/19: Over \$22bn GB in October: First GB from Greece - Certified: Conf2020 Registrations open: GB Gossip, reading list and more!

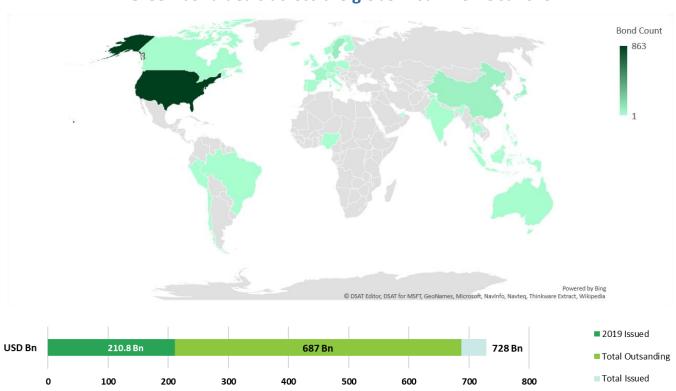
Highlights:

- Monthly GB issuance for October reached USD22.8bn
- Year to date issuance passes USD200bn mark- USD230-250bn in sight for end December?
- Greece: First Certified Climate Bond against Wind Criteria by Terna Energy Finance

Don't miss!

<u>Registrations</u> will open soon for Climate Bonds Conference2020, 3-5 March, London. Conference2020 website <u>here</u>.

Green bond deals across the globe: 1 Jan - 31 Oct 2019



> The full list of deals here.

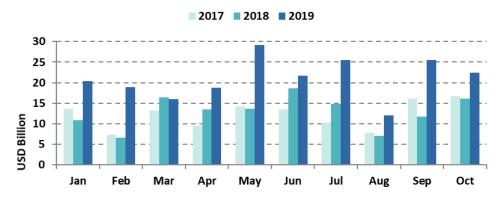


October at a glance

Monthly issuance volume reached **USD22.8bn** in October, up from USD16.1bn in Q3 2018. This translates in a year-on-year growth of 41% and brings total 2019 issuance to USD210.8bn, well past the USD200bn mark, with overall cumulative GB issuance since 2007 now at USD728bn.

Climate Bonds estimate for 2019 annual issuance is between USD230bn to 250bn.





The monthly year-on-year growth was mainly driven by a much larger volume coming from **EM**: USD5.2bn this year compared to USD1bn in October 2018. **Chinese** issuers accounted for USD3.4bn and the market saw green bonds from nine EM countries compared to six in October 2018. Large deals came from **UAE** (USD600m) and **India** (USD452.5m).

Developed markets accounted for two thirds (69.1%) of October issuance, fuelled by deals from the **USA** (USD2.7bn), **France** (USD2.4bn) and **Ireland** (USD2.2bn). There were transactions from **Luxembourg** (USD1.2bn), **Austria** (USD52m) and **Finland** (USD22m), countries that don't often appear in monthly country rankings. Monthly volumes from **German** and **UK** issuers were much lower than October 2018, down 82% and 59% respectively.

Monthly volume by issuer type 30 ■ Loan 25 Sovereign 20 Government-backed entity Local government 15 Development bank 10 Non-financial corporate **USD Billion** ■ Financial corporate 5 ABS Feb Jul Oct Jan Mar Mav Aug Sep

Note: Green MBS issuance from Fannie Mae has not been included in October figures yet.

As in September, **Financial Corporates** accounted for the largest portion of overall monthly volume: their bonds made up 31.7% of total issuance in October, up by USD4.4bn from USD2.8bn in October 2018. This was driven by two large deals from **Credit Agricole** (EUR1bn/USD1.1bn), France, and **Banco Santander** (EUR1bn/USD1.1bn), Spain, as well as five deals from China and four deals from Japan.

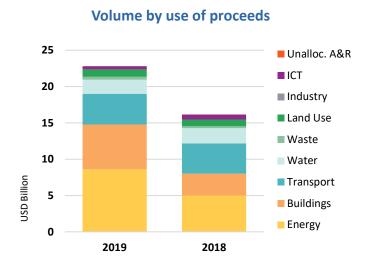
18 deals came from Non-Financial Corporates from a variety of countries and variety of sizes with a total of USD4.9bn.

Sovereign issuance in October came from a EUR2bn (USD2.2bn) tap of Ireland's green sovereign bond.

The **Green Loans** market marked the second largest figure this year with USD1.4bn comprised of four deals from **Mapletree Commercial Trust Management** (SGD670m/USD491m), Singapore, repeat issuer **Alpha Trains**



(EUR340m/USD377m), Luxembourg, **Mobilinx** (CAD488m/USD371m), Canada, and **Cubico Sustainable Investments** (EUR173m/USD193m), UK.



Funds raised in October were allocated mainly to **Energy** through 41 deals (out of a monthly total of 71). In 17, the proceeds financed only renewable energy. The largest deals came from **Banco Santander** (EUR1bn/USD1.1bn), **Rabobank** (EUR750m/USD832m) and **MidAmerican Energy** (USD600m).

Buildings allocations more than doubled, rising from USD3bn in October 2018 to USD6.2bn. Notably, Fannie Mae issuance for October 2019 has not been included yet, so the final growth figure is expected to be even higher.

Other sector allocations were similar compared to October 2018.

- > The full list of new and repeat issuers here.
- > Click on the issuer name to access the new issue deal sheet in the online bond library.

Certified Climate Bonds

Terna Energy Finance (EUR150m/USD167m), Greece, issued its inaugural 7-year green bond. It is Certified against the Wind Criteria of the Climate Bonds Standard and is the first green bond from a Greek issuer. It is also the first Certification linked to wind farms in the US: the proceeds will be used to finance (60%) and refinance (40%) the development of 14 sites across Greece and 1 in the US.

Allocation reporting will be available to investors within one year after bond issuance. The issuer intends for all the proceeds to be allocated within this first year. There will also be quantitative details on the wind projects in the annual publicly available in Corporate & Social Responsibility (CSR) reports.

<u>Sparebanken Sør Boligkreditt (EUR500m/USD555m)</u>, Norway, came to the market with a 7-year covered bond, Certified against the Low Carbon Buildings Criteria of the Climate Bonds Standard. The proceeds will finance and refinance mortgages on residential buildings in Norway, which comply with certain Norwegian building codes and labels.

A report with details on the allocation of proceeds will be produced annually until the proceeds are fully allocated. An impact report with indicators such as energy use and emissions per floor area, will be produced by Multiconsult.

New issuers

Public sector

<u>Greene Township Municipal Authority Franklin County, Pennsylvania (USD20m)</u>, USA, joined the green bond market with a 13.1-year US Muni. This deal will refinance outstanding sewer revenue bonds and is assured by BAM GreenStar. There is no reporting commitment stated.

Climate Bonds view: This is the fifth bond issued by a Municipality from the Keystone State and the first to obtain BAM GreenStar assurance. We do encourage reporting and transparency on proceeds allocation.

Financial corporates

<u>AEON REIT Investment Corp (JPY3.3bn/USD30.4m)</u>, Japan, took out a 3-year term loan that was <u>rated</u> Green 1 by JCRA. The proceeds will go towards investments in buildings that have acquired or will acquire environmental certifications



within the top three categories of regional, national or international certification levels. Funds could also be allocated towards renovations aimed at improving environmental aspects such as energy efficiency and water consumption.

There will be a detailed allocation report with information such as the status of funds for Green Finance. Certification levels will be disclosed annually as well as total energy consumption and GHG emissions of the properties.

Climate Bonds view: Another Japanese REIT joining the market benefiting from an SPO. It is good to see ambitious certification targets for the buildings that are being financed.

Non-financial corporates

ASE Industrial Holding Company (USD300m), China, issued its first green bond maturing in 3 years' time. The proceeds will primarily finance three projects in Gaoxiong, of which two are building projects and one is a water-related project. The buildings projects target energy efficiency improvements, and one of them is designed with the intention to apply for the EEWH green building label. There is no reporting commitment stated and no third-party review.

Climate Bonds view: We are pleased to see that ASE Technology Holding provides information about the project they are financing and the relevant environmental impacts such as the amount of carbon emission reductions. We encourage ASE to continue to disclose this type of information post-issuance.

<u>CPI Property Group (EUR750m/USD831m)</u>, Luxembourg, came to market with a 7.5-year senior unsecured bond. The eligible categories for allocations are certified buildings, energy efficiency, renewable energy, environmentally sustainable management of living natural resources and land use.

CPI Property Group will publish an allocation report annually on their website until proceeds are fully allocated. This will include the allocation of the net proceeds as well as information such as eligible projects financed, unallocated proceeds, remaining balance and buildings' status. There will also be an impact report where feasible with different metrics for each category such as level of certification by property or annual GHG emissions reduced/avoided.

Climate Bonds view: As the fourth issuer from Luxembourg coming to the market, this is the largest bond issued so far by a Luxembourg company and the first to indicate intentions to finance projects in the Land Use space. We do encourage issuers to obtain an external review.

<u>Cubico Sustainable Investments (EUR173m/USD193m)</u>, Italy, had its inaugural issuance with a project finance bond that will refinance three wind projects: a 99 MW portfolio located in Campania, Apulia and Basilicata. No external review was obtained nor any commitment to disclosure after issuance was stated.

Climate Bonds view: Large sector-focused investment groups are able to direct significant amounts of finance towards climate-friendly projects. As a renewable energy developer, most – if not all – of Cubico's projects would be eligible to be funded by green bonds and/or loans, so we hope it will choose to pursue more labelled instruments.

<u>Guangdong Electric Power Development Company (CNY200m/USD28m)</u>, China, had its debut issuance with a 3-year green bond. The proceeds are intended to go towards raising funds for green project construction, supplemented green project supporting working capital and repaying green project loans amongst others. There is no third-party review and reporting commitment stated.

Climate Bonds view: The issuer mainly generates capital for solar projects. We are pleased to see the issuer will furnish an independent post-issuance report each year from Lianhe Equator Environmental Impact Assessment Co., Ltd. However, we would like to see more detailed information on the proposed projects. We also hope that the issuer will disclose the use of proceeds information each year after issuance and put in place a comprehensive reporting system.

Mapletree Commercial Trust Management (SGD670/USD491m), Singapore, took out its first green loan that will partially finance the REIT's acquisition of Mapletree Business City. This is a project that was designed with environmentally friendly



features and has been certified BCA Green Mark Platinum, BCA Universal Design Mark Platinum Award and LEED Gold. There is no third-party review and no reporting commitment stated.

Climate Bonds view: It's encouraging to see the first Singaporean REIT joining the Green Bond market. So far, the REIT green bond market is dominated by Japanese issuers. We hope issuers from other countries will be encouraged to follow.

Mobilinx Hurontario General Partnership (CAD751m/USD572m), Canada, joined the green bond market with a 35-year senior secured project finance bond rated <u>E1/87</u> by S&P Global Ratings. The proceeds will finance part of the Hurontario Light Rail Transit (LRT) project, which involves 18km of a new double-track system from Mississauga to Brampton in Ontario. The project will include LEED (silver) certified operations, maintenance, and storage facility (OMSF) buildings.

Metrolinx plans to complete a one-time post in-service business case for Hurontario LRT, to include an analysis of GHG emissions – approximately three years after completion of construction.

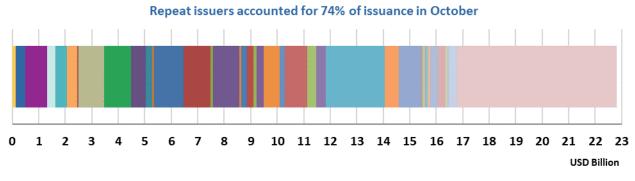
Climate Bonds view: Investments in mass public transport, especially in urban environments, are urgently needed. We are pleased to see another Canadian public authority backing such a project via a long-term concession, following past issuances by the Province of Ontario itself (a small portion of which actually financed this project) and several other public transport investments in other Canadian cities. As a PPP, this is also an example of a multi-stakeholder approach, showing how private entities can be leveraged to deliver projects of a public good nature.

Visit our **Bond Library** for more details on October deals.

Repeat issuers 18 - 31 October

- ADB (Asian Development Bank): EUR750m/USD834.2m
- Alpha Trains: EUR340m/USD377m
- Argosy Property: NZD100m/USD63.5m
- China Construction Bank (Hong Kong): USD1bn
- China Construction Bank (Luxembourg): EUR500m/USD557.8m
- City and County of San Francisco: USD247.81m
- City of Malmo: SEK750m/USD77.4m
- Credit Agricole CIB: EUR1bn/USD1.1bn
- Engie: EUR900m/USD1bn
- Jernhusen AB: SEK150m/USD15.4m
- Majiid Al Futtaim Properties LLC: USD600m
- Massachusetts Clean Water Trust: USD191.6m
- Mobilinx Hurontario General Partnership (Mobilinx) Infrastructure Ontario: CAD487.8m/USD371.4m
- Rabobank: EUR750m/USD832.4m
- Raiffeisen Bank International AG: CZK1.2bn/USD52.1m
- San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit (BART): USD80.3m
- Shanghai Pudong Development Bank: USD300m
- Tokyo Metropolitan Government: JPY5bn/USD45.9m





- Acciona
- ADB (Asian Development Bank)
- AES Gener (AES Corporation)
- Argosy Property
- China Construction Bank (Hong Kong)
- City and County of San Francisco
- Credit Agricole CIB
- Energy Absolute PCL
- Harris County Municipal Utility District No1
- Humlegarden Fastigheter AB
- ING Bank Hipoteczny S.A. (ING)
- Jernhusen AB
- Massachusetts Clean Water Trust
- Mitsubishi UFG
- National Treasury Management Agency
- Rabobank
- Renew Power
- Ricoh Leasing Company
- Shanghai Pudong Development Bank
- Tokyo Metropolitan Government
- Vellinge Municipality
- Ygrene Energy Fund (GoodGreen)

- Adani Renewable Energy RJ Ltd.
- Advanced Semiconductor Engineering
- Alpha Trains
- Bank of China
- China Construction Bank Corporation (Luxembourg)
- City of Malmo
- EIB (European Investment Bank)
- Engie
- Hemfosa Fastigheter AB
- Indiana Finance Authority
- Japan Housing Finance Agency
- Majiid Al Futtaim Properties LLC
- MidAmerican Energy
- Mobilinx
- NRW.Bank
- Raiffeisen Bank International AG
- Reykjavik Energy
- San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit (BART)
- SNCF
- Vasakronan
- World Bank (IBRD)
- New issuers

Repeat issuers: January – October 2019 (not previously included)

- Advanced Soltech Sweden AB (SolTech Energy Sweden AB): SEK51m and EUR6.85m (USD12.7m)- September 2019
- Advanced Soltech Sweden AB (SolTech Energy Sweden AB): SEK27.5m and EUR7.75m (USD11.5m)- May 2019
- Advanced Soltech Sweden AB (SolTech Energy Sweden AB): SEK131.8m/USD14.6m January 2019
- Greenalia Wind Power Eolo: EUR22m/USD24.5m August 2019
- Greenalia Wind Power Eolo: EUR61.2m/USD68.1m July 2019

Pending and excluded bonds

We only include bonds with at least 95% proceeds dedicated to green projects that are aligned with the Climate Bonds Taxonomy in our green bond database. Although we support the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) overall and see manylinks between green bond finance and specific SDGs, in particular SDGs 6, 7, 9, 11, 13, 14 and 15, the proportion of proceeds allocated to social goals should be no more than 5% for inclusion in our database.

Issuer Name	Amount issued	Issue date	Reason for exclusion/ pending
Caoxian Shangdu Investment Co., Ltd.	CNY800m/USD113.2m	28/10/2019	Excluded (Not aligned)
Los Pelambres	USD875m	11/02/2019	Excluded (Not aligned)
Instituto De Crédito Oficial	EUR500m/USD556m	31/10/2019	Excluded (Sustainability/Social bond)



Celulosa Arauco y Constitución	USD500m USD500m	29/10/2019 29/10/2019	Excluded (Sustainability/Social bond)
Action Logement Services	EUR1bn/USD1.1bn	30/10/2019	Excluded (Sustainability/Social bond)
KEPCO	KRW200bn/USD168m	24/10/2019	Excluded (Sustainability/Social bond)
Le Groupe Bel	EUR125m/USD139.4m	22/10/2019	Excluded (Sustainability/Social bond)
Bank of Montreal	USD500m	21/10/2019	Excluded (Sustainability/Social bond)
Iren	EUR500m/USD551.7m	14/10/2019	Excluded (Not aligned)
Linköping Stadshus AB (Linköping Municipality)	SEK500m/USD51.9m	22/10/2019	Pending (Waiting for more info)
China Construction Bank Corporation	CNY4.4bn/USD624.2m	29/10/2019	Pending (Waiting for more info)
Shandong Meichen Ecology & Environment Co.,Ltd.	CNY700m/USD98.9m	24/10/2019	Pending (Waiting for more info)
Xinhua Hydropower Company Limited	CNY1.5bn/USD212m	22/10/2019	Pending (Waiting for more info)
China Zheshang Bank Co.,Ltd.	CNY77.9m/USD11m	21/10/2019	Pending (Waiting for more info)
Fujian Yongrong Holding Group Co.,Ltd	CNY300m/USD42.4m	16/10/2019	Pending (Waiting for more info)
Zhuzhou Xiangjiang Construction Development Group Co.,Ltd.	CNY1.5bn/USD211.9m	16/10/2019	Pending (Waiting for more info)
Jinneng Science&Technology Co.,Ltd	CNY1.5bn/USD211.6m	14/10/2019	Pending (Waiting for more info)
Jiangsu Eastern Shenghong Co.,Ltd.	CNY1bn/USD140.4m	30/09/2019	Pending (Waiting for more info)
Shuntai Leasing Company Limited	CNY80m/USD11.3m CNY36m/USD5.1m CNY21.05m/USD3m	27/09/2019 27/09/2019 27/09/2019	Pending (Waiting for more info)
EBRD	EUR500m/USD552.4m	17/10/2019	Pending (Waiting for more info)
Guangxi Beibu Gulf Bank Co., Ltd.	CNY2bn/USD283m	15/10/2019	Pending (Waiting for more info)

Green bonds in the market

- Benton Washington Regional Public Water Authority of The State of Arkansas closed 1 November
- Massachusetts Water Resources Authority closed 1 November
- PNC Financial Services Group closed 1 November
- Sekisui House REIT closed 1 November
- <u>Berlin Hyp</u> closed 4 November
- New York State Housing Finance Agency closed 6 November
- District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority closed 6 November
- <u>Deutsche Kreditbank (DKB)</u> closing 7 November
- Metropolitan Transport Authority closing 7 November
- <u>DTEK Renewables</u> closing 12 November
- KfW (tap) closing 12 November
- Orsted closing 19 November
- Government of Indonesia (retail bond) closing 21 November

Investing news

The **World Bank** <u>launched</u> a Sovereign ESG Data Portal. This platform gives free access to sovereign-level ESG data in order to improve transparency and aiming at increasing private sector investment in emerging markets.



The Inter-American Development Bank and the Government of the UK have <u>announced</u> a partnership which aims to support growth and transparency in the green bond markets in the Latin American and Caribbean region. This will be done through a platform that will contain information such as detailed description of use of proceeds of the bonds.

The **FCA** has <u>published</u> a statement prioritising a number of issues regarding their work on climate change and green finance such as new rules to improve climate-related disclosures.

Mark Carney, Governor of the Bank of England, has repeatedly <u>stressed</u> the responsibility of the financial sector to consider climate change as a risk factor to their business.

Bloomberg <u>reports</u> that firms are setting up **mutual funds** that mimic hedge fund practices such as shorting firms that do not shift to sustainability.

EURONEXT <u>launched</u> a green bond segment during Climate Finance Week in Dublin. Green bonds listed on Euronext Amsterdam, Brussels, Dublin, Lisbon, Paris and Oslo are now consolidated <u>Euronext Green Bonds</u>.

South Korea's state utility firm **Korea Electric Power Corp. (KEPCO)** <u>issued</u> KRW200bn (USD170.8m) worth wondenominated sustainability bonds, becoming the nation's first energy firm to sell socially-focused debt.

Green bond gossip

Zainab Ahmed, Finance Minister of **Nigeria** said they are considering issuing another green sovereign bond next year.

New South Wales Treasury Corporation has <u>announced</u> it is planning to issue a bond that will finance a mix of green and social assets.

The **Central American Bank for Economic Integration (CABEI)** is <u>planning</u> to issue its first benchmark-sized green bond.

Japanese utility company **Tepco** is <u>considering</u> issuing a green bond. It established a new unit called Tepco Renewable Power that will take over the renewable energy business through which the funds will be raised.

Owens-Illinois Group <u>announced</u> that OI European Group B.V will issue a green bond raising EUR300m (USD328.2m) to finance projects in renewable energy projects, energy efficiency, water management and circular economy.

Readings & reports

The **Network for Greening the Financial System** <u>published</u> a guide on sustainable and responsible investment for central banks' portfolio management encouraging them to include sustainability considerations into their portfolio management.

The **Climate Friendly Materials Platform**, which brings together leading researchers and policy advisors from across Europe, convened by the research network **Climate Strategies**, <u>published</u> a report which suggests five policy instruments that could create economic incentives for private actors and industry to pursue transformative investments aligned with Europe's climate-neutral objectives for 2050.

Norton Rose Fulbright <u>illustrates</u> the use of transition bonds, green bonds, and sustainability-linked financing in agribusiness and portrays multiple case studies on this topic.

A report by **the Rocky Mountain Institute** <u>states</u> that the global energy transition can be accelerated due to advancements in battery technology. This is fuelled by improvement of cost and performance of batteries, growing demand for electric vehicles as well as increased renewable energy generation.

Events

The <u>Climate Risk and Green Finance Regulatory Forum</u>. London, 19 November. The Forum will examine how the Green Finance Strategy is going to be implemented by the UK Government and financial regulators. It will clarify the



practical steps that financial institutions need to be taking now in order to ensure that they are prepared and fully compliant. It will also examine the new opportunities that this seismic shift in finance will offer. CBI is supporting this event – Please use code "CRF1CBI" at the checkout to receive 30% off the standard registration fees.

'Till next time,

Climate Bonds

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