



## **Green Bond Fact Sheet**

Connecticut Green Bank Issue date: 09-04-2019 Maturity date: 09-04-2034 Tenor: 15				
Issuer Name	Connecticut Green Bank	Amount Issued	USD38m	
Country of risk	USA	CBI Database	Included	
Issuer Type <sup>1</sup>	Financial corporate	Bond Type	ABS	
Green Bond Framework	N/A	Second party opinion	N/A	
Certification Standard	Climate Bonds Standard Version 2.1 Sector Criteria for Solar	Assurance report	Pre Issuance Verification Letter	
Certification Verifier	Sustainalytics	Green bond rating	N/A	
Use of Proceeds				
Energy     ■	<ul> <li>Solar</li> <li>□ Onshore wind</li> <li>□ Offshore wind</li> <li>□ Geothermal</li> <li>□ Hydro</li> <li>□ Tidal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ Biofuels</li> <li>□ Bioenergy</li> <li>□ Waste to energy</li> <li>□ District heating</li> <li>□ Electricity grid</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ Energy storage</li> <li>□ Energy performance</li> <li>□ Infrastructure</li> <li>□ Industry: components</li> <li>□ Adaptation &amp; resilience</li> </ul>	
□ Buildings	<ul><li>☐ Certified Buildings</li><li>☐ HVAC systems</li><li>☐ Energy performance</li></ul>	<ul><li>☐ Water performance</li><li>☐ Energy storage/meters</li><li>☐ Other energy related</li></ul>	☐ Industry: components ☐ Adaptation & resilience	
☐ Transport	<ul> <li>□ Electric vehicles</li> <li>□ Low emission vehicles</li> <li>□ Bus rapid transit</li> <li>□ Passenger trains</li> <li>□ Urban rail</li> </ul>	<ul><li>☐ Freight rolling stock</li><li>☐ Coach / public bus</li><li>☐ Bicycle infrastructure</li><li>☐ Energy performance</li></ul>	<ul><li>☐ Transport logistics</li><li>☐ Infrastructure</li><li>☐ Industry: components</li><li>☐ Adaptation &amp; resilience</li></ul>	
☐ Water & wastewater	<ul><li>□ Water distribution</li><li>□ Water treatment</li><li>□ Wastewater treatment</li><li>□ Water storage</li></ul>	<ul> <li>□ Storm water mgmt</li> <li>□ Flood protection</li> <li>□ Desalinisation plants</li> <li>□ Erosion control</li> <li>□ Energy performance</li> </ul>	<ul><li>☐ Infrastructure</li><li>☐ Industry: components</li><li>☐ Adaptation &amp; resilience</li></ul>	
☐ Waste management	<ul><li>☐ Recycling</li><li>☐ Waste prevention</li><li>☐ Pollution control</li></ul>	☐ Landfill, energy capture ☐ Energy performance ☐ Infrastructure	☐ Industry: components ☐ Adaptation & resilience	















☐ Land use & agriculture	<ul><li>☐ Afforestation/parks</li><li>☐ FSC Forestry</li><li>☐ FSC Cellulose &amp; paper</li></ul>	☐ Land remediation☐ Energy/water efficiency	☐ Sustainable agriculture ☐ Adaptation & resilience	
☐ Other	☐ Adaptation & resilience	□ ІСТ	☐ Industry: process	
Issue details				
Reporting	Connecticut Green Bank has commissioned <i>ex-ante</i> impact reporting (a "Climate Impact Assessment") from the Climate Action Reserve to better understand the effect of the project. The assessment report concluded that the SHREC systems will result in reducing approximately 749 494 tonnes carbon dioxide equivalents (tCO <sub>2</sub> e) of greenhouse gases. Based on the full value of the offering (USD38.6M), this represents a GHG reduction intensity of 19.4 tCO <sub>2</sub> e per USD1k invested. The issuer has not made any explicit commitment to provide any post-issuance reporting.			
Company information	The Connecticut Green Bank is the first green bank in the US. Established by the Connecticut General Assembly in 2011, the Bank supports the Governor's and Legislature's energy strategy to achieve cleaner, cheaper and more reliable sources of energy while creating jobs and supporting local economic development. Since its inception, Connecticut Green Bank and its private investment partners have deployed over USD1bn for clean energy projects across the state.			
Firsts, records and certifications	The first rated issuance for the Connecticut Green Bank and the first ever solar ABS transaction by a green bank; Certified against the Climate Bonds Standard Version 2.1 Sector Criteria for Solar			
Proceeds description	This issuance monetizes the solar home renewable energy credits (SHRECs) generated through the Residential Solar Investment Program (RSIP). The Connecticut Green Bank will use the proceeds to finance the deployment of incentives and the administration of the RSIP.  Under the program, utility companies enter into 15-year contracts with the Bank to purchase the SHRECs generated by solar PV systems that receive the state's RSIP incentive. Utilities purchase each new tranche of SHRECs for the 15-year delivery term of each tranche at a fixed price. When a residential solar PV system is installed, contractors or owners apply for the RSIP incentive via the Bank. Eligible systems will be granted the incentives and the Bank will in turn receive title to the environmental attributes of the solar project.			
	This will allow the Bank and the Utilities to solar deployment by 2022 for the Bank, a portfolio standard target or RPST). Only real Bank approved after January 1st 2015 are	and the Utilities complying with residential solar PV systems with	the Connecticut's renewable	
Climate Bonds view				
Underwriters				
Deal comments				
Credit Rating				
Pricing summary				
Investors summary				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Issuer categories: ABS, development bank, financial corporate, government-backed entity, loan, local government, non-financial corporate, sovereign









